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- (a) Application of sterile insect technique. Production sites, and a surrounding 1.5 mile buffer area, must be administered under an APHIS-approved preventative release program using sterile insect technique for the Mexican fruit fly (Anastrepha ludens).
- (b) Fruit fly trapping protocol. (1) Trapping densities. In areas where grapefruit, sweet oranges, and tangerines are produced for export to the United States, APHIS approved traps and lures must be placed in production sites and a surrounding 1.5 mile buffer areas as follows:
- (i) For Mexican fruit fly (*Anastrepha ludens*) and sapote fruit fly (*A. serpentina*): One trap per 50 hectares.
- (ii) For Mediterranean fruit fly (*Ceratitis capitata*): One to four traps per 250 hectares.
- (2) Fruit fly catches. Upon trapping of a Mexican fruit fly, sapote fruit fly, or Mediterranean fruit fly in a production site or buffer area, exports from that production site are prohibited until the Administrator determines that the phytosanitary measures taken have been effective to allow the resumption of export from that production site.
- (3) *Monitoring*. The trapping program must be monitored under an APHIS-approved quality control program.
- (c) Safeguarding. Fruit must be safeguarded against fruit fly infestation using methods approved by APHIS from the time of harvest until processing in the United States.
- (d) Phytosanitary certificate. Each shipment must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by Mexico's national plant protection organization that contains additional declarations stating that the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section have been met.
- (e) *Ports.* The harvested fruit may enter the United States only through a port of entry located in one of the Texas counties listed in §301.64–3(c) of this chapter.
- (f) Route of transit. Harvested fruit must travel on the most direct route to the processing plant from its point of entry into the United States as specified in the import permit. Such fruit may not enter or transit areas other than the Texas counties listed in § 301.64–3(c) of this chapter.

- (g) Approved destinations. Processing plants within the United States must be located within an area in Texas that is under an APHIS-approved preventative release program using sterile insect technique for Mexican fruit fly.
- (h) Compliance agreements. Processing plants within the United States must enter into a compliance agreement with APHIS in order to handle grape-fruit, sweet oranges, and tangerines imported from Mexico in accordance with this section. APHIS will only enter into compliance agreements with facilities that handle and process grapefruit, sweet oranges, and tangerines from Mexico in such a way as to eliminate any risk that exotic fruit flies could be disseminated into the United States, as determined by APHIS.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0264)

[71 FR 33177, June 8, 2006]

§319.56-2ss Conditions governing the entry of grapes from Namibia.

Grapes (*Vitis vinifera*) may be imported into the United States from Namibia only under the following conditions:

- (a) The grapes must be cold treated for *Cryptophlebia leucotreta*, *Ceratitis capitata*, *Ceratitis rosa*, and *Epichoristodes acerbella* in accordance with part 305 of this chapter.
- (b) The grapes must be fumigated for Aleurocanthus spiniferus, Apate monachus. **Bustomus** setulosus, Ceroplastes rusci, Cryptoblabes gnidiella, Dischista cincta. Empoasca lybica, Eremnus cerealis, Eremnus atratus, Eremnus setulosus. Eutetranychus orientalis, Helicoverpa armigera, Icerya seychellarum, Macchiademus diplopterus, Oxycarenus hyalinipennis, Pachnoda sinuata, Phlyctinus callosus, Scirtothrips aurantii, Scirtothrips dorsalis, Spodoptera littoralis, and Tanyrhynchus carinatus in accordance with part 305 of this chapter.
- (c) Each shipment of grapes must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate of inspection issued by the national plant protection organization of Namibia bearing the following additional declaration: "The grapes in this shipment have been inspected and

found free of *Maconellicoccus hirsutus*, *Nipaecoccus vastator*, *Rastrococcus iceryoides*, *Cochlicella ventricosa*, and *Theba pisana*."

(d) The grapes may be imported in commercial shipments only.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0300)

[71 FR 55089, Sept. 21, 2006]

§ 319.56-3 Applications for permits for importation of fruits and vegetables; issuance of permits.

(a) Permit required. Except for fruits or vegetables that may be imported under the general permit provided in §319.56–2(b), (c), and (d) or for fruits and vegetables imported under an oral permit in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section, no fruits or vegetables may be imported unless a specific written permit has been issued for the fruits or vegetables and unless the fruits or vegetables meet all other applicable requirements of this subpart and any other requirements specified by APHIS in the specific written permit.

(b) Applying for a specific written permit. Applications must be submitted in writing or electronically and should be made in advance of the proposed shipment and provided to the Plant Protection and Quarantine program. Applications must include the country or locality of origin of the fruits or vegetables, the port of first arrival, the name and address of the importer in the United States, and the identity and quantity of the fruit or vegetable.

(c) Issuance of permits. If APHIS approves the application, APHIS will issue a permit specifying the conditions applicable to the importation of the fruit or vegetable.

(d) Issuance of oral permits. Oral permits may be issued for noncommercial shipments if the commodity is admissible with inspection only. Oral per-

¹³Application for permits to import fruit and vegetables under this subpart may be submitted to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine, 4700 River Road Unit 136, Riverdale, MD 20737–1236; on the Internet using the APHIS Import Authorization System, https://Web01.aphis.usda.gov/IAS.nsf/; or by fax (301)

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mits may be issued for commercial shipments of fruits and vegetables arriving in the United States without a specific written permit if all applicable entry requirements are met and proof of application for a specific written permit has been supplied to an inspector.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0049)

[68 FR 37922, June 25, 2003]

§ 319.56-4 Amendment, denial, or withdrawal of permits.

(a) The Administrator may amend, deny, or withdraw a permit at any time if he or she has determined that conditions exist that present an unacceptable risk of the fruit or vegetable introducing quarantine pests into the United States. If the withdrawal is oral, the withdrawal of the permit and the reasons for the withdrawal will be confirmed in writing as promptly as circumstances permit.

(b) Any person whose permit has been amended, denied, or withdrawn may appeal the decision in writing to the Administrator within 10 days after receiving the written notification of the decision. The appeal must state all of the facts and reasons upon which the person relies to show that the permit was wrongfully amended, denied, or withdrawn. The Administrator will grant or deny the appeal, in writing, stating the reasons for granting or denying the appeal as promptly as circumstances permit. If there is a conflict as to any material fact and the person who has filed an appeal requests a hearing, a hearing shall be held to resolve the conflict. Rules of practice concerning the hearing will be adopted by the Administrator. A permit withdrawal will remain in effect pending resolution of the appeal or the hearing.

[68 FR 37922, June 25, 2003]

§ 319.56–5 Notice of arrival by permittee.

(a) Immediately upon the arrival of fruits or vegetables, from the countries specified in §319.56, at the port of first arrival, the permittee or his or her agent shall submit a notice, in duplicate, to the Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs, through the United